

Q1. What type of database is Oracle Database (relational, document, key-value, graph, time-series) and what are its strengths?

Answer:

Q2. Explain how Oracle Database handles ACID properties or the consistency model it provides.

Answer:

Q3. How does indexing work in Oracle Database? What index types are available and how do you choose one?

Answer:

Q4. What is the data model in Oracle Database and how do you design a schema for a typical use case?

Answer:

Q5. How does Oracle Database handle scaling: vertical scaling, horizontal sharding, or replication?

Answer:

Q6. Describe the read/write performance characteristics of Oracle Database and how to tune them.

Answer:

Q7. How do you handle transactions in Oracle Database? What isolation levels or guarantees are supported?

Answer:

Q8. What backup and point-in-time recovery strategies does Oracle Database support?

Answer:

Q9. How do you monitor and diagnose slow queries or performance issues in Oracle Database?

Answer:

Q10. What are common anti-patterns or pitfalls to avoid when using Oracle Database in production?

Answer:
