



SETUP & CONFIG

```
<dep>hibernate-core 6.x</dep>
hibernate.cfg.xml OR persistence.xml
hibernate.dialect=PostgreSQLDialect
hibernate.connection.url=jdbc:postgresql://...
hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto=validate (prod)
```

SESSION FACTORY / SESSION

```
SessionFactory sf = new Configuration()
    .configure().buildSessionFactory();
try(Session s = sf.openSession()){
    s.beginTransaction();
    s.persist(entity);
    s.getTransaction().commit();
}
```

ENTITY MAPPING

```
@Entity @Table(name="users")
public class User {
    @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy=IDENTITY)
    private Long id;
    @Column(nullable=false, unique=true)
    private String email;
}
```

ASSOCIATIONS

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy="user", cascade=ALL)
private List<Order> orders = new
    ArrayList<>();
@ManyToOne @JoinColumn(name="user_id")
private User user;
@ManyToMany @JoinTable(...)
Owning side has @JoinColumn /
@JoinTable
```

HQL QUERIES

```
Query<User> q = session.createQuery(
    "FROM User WHERE email = :email",
    User.class);
q.setParameter("email", email);
List<User> users = q.list();
session.get(User.class, id) // load by
    PK
HQL uses entity names, not table
names
```

CRITERIA API

```
CriteriaBuilder cb =
    session.getCriteriaBuilder();
CriteriaQuery<User> cq =
    cb.createQuery(User.class);
Root<User> r = cq.from(User.class);
cq.select(r).where(cb.equal(r.get("active"), true));
session.createQuery(cq).list();
Type-safe, refactor-friendly
alternative to HQL
```

LAZY vs EAGER LOADING

```
LAZY (default for collections):
loads on access
EAGER: loads with parent query (N+1
risk)
@OneToMany(fetch = FetchType.LAZY)
Fix N+1: JOIN FETCH in HQL
"FROM User u JOIN FETCH u.orders"
@BatchSize(size=20) for batch loading
```

CACHING

```
L1 Cache: per-session, automatic
L2 Cache: shared across sessions
@Cacheable (entity or collection)
hibernate.cache.region.factory_class=EhcacheRegionFactory
@Cache(usage=READ_WRITE)
Query cache: .setCacheable(true) on
query
```

TRANSACTIONS

```
session.beginTransaction();
// ... do work
session.getTransaction().commit();
session.getTransaction().rollback(); //
on error
Use JTA for distributed transactions
Never use AUTO flush mode in
production
```

CASCADE & ORPHAN REMOVAL

```
cascade = {CascadeType.PERSIST, MERGE,
    REMOVE}
cascade = CascadeType.ALL // use with
care
orphanRemoval = true // deletes removed
children
@OneToMany(cascade=ALL,
    orphanRemoval=true)
Only set on owning side; avoid
cascade from child to parent
```

COMMON ANNOTATIONS

```
@Entity @Table @Column @Id
@GeneratedValue
@OneToOne @OneToMany @ManyToOne
@ManyToMany
@JoinColumn @JoinTable @Embedded
@Embeddable
@Temporal(DATE/TIME/TIMESTAMP)
@Enumerated(STRING/ORDINAL)
@Version (optimistic locking)
```

COMMON GOTCHAS

```
LazyInitializationException session
closed before access
N+1 problem with EAGER or no JOIN
FETCH
cascade=ALL + orphanRemoval on
ManyToMany = data loss
Detached entity passed to persist =
error
hbm2ddl.auto=create drops tables on
startup!
```